

A Summary of Land-Applied Nutrients from Permitted Animal Operations in North Carolina

*North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality
Division of Water Resources
October 2015 (revisions May 2016)*

A Summary of Land-applied Nutrients from Swine Waste in North Carolina

Executive Summary

This report provides a summary of Animal Operation permits issued by the Division of Water Resources (DWR) and estimates for the amount of nutrients applied to the land from swine and wet poultry operations applying liquid waste from anaerobic lagoons. No attempt was made to determine the fate of these nutrients once applied to the land surface or to account for nutrient losses prior to land application. Land application of lagoon sludge was not estimated since lagoons are cleaned out infrequently and irregularly. Estimates were generated based on individual permits which were assigned to a subwatershed (12-digit hydrologic unit) and a county. Subwatershed estimates were then aggregated to the subbasin (8-digit hydrologic unit) and river basin scales.

The estimates of land-applied nutrients from Animal Operations are compared to estimates of land-applied nutrients from other sources, such as chemical fertilizer. The quantity of nutrients applied to the land surface by permitted animal operations is several times greater than the quantity land-applied nutrients from wastewater treatment residuals. Comparison of nutrient loading estimate maps for permitted animal feeding operations to mapped EPA estimates of chemical fertilizer application indicates that subbasins and subwatersheds with the highest nutrient loads from animal waste also receive some of the highest nutrient loads from chemical fertilizer application.

The nutrient application estimates and comparisons presented here are intended to help development management plans for nutrient sensitive watersheds, for development of watershed restoration plans, and for prioritization of nutrient load reduction efforts. These estimates may also be used as a guide to select potential areas for research on impacts of nutrient application from animal operations.

Introduction

The DWR issues permits for land application of livestock wastes to farmers who meet the definition of an animal operation as described in G.S. 143-215.10B. Table 1 provides a summary of the animal operations regulated under a permit issued by the DWR. There are many more livestock operations in the state that are not required to obtain a permit. Table 2 is a list of livestock estimates generated by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (NC DA&CS) that includes most livestock in the state.

Nearly all swine operations with a permit have an anaerobic lagoon treatment system where the liquid effluent is sprayed on nearby agricultural fields. In rare instances, a swine operation may not use an anaerobic lagoon and spray field system; however, for the purpose of this study these were considered to be negligible and were included as if they utilized an anaerobic lagoon.

Most poultry operations in the state are dry litter poultry operations which fall under the deemed permitted category per G.S 143-215.10C. However, some poultry operations, particularly egg production farms, utilize anaerobic lagoons and spray fields for liquid waste disposal and beneficial reuse of nutrients. As of November 2013, there were 6,853,219 chickens permitted in NC. Based on the estimate of 33.5 million turkeys raised in 2013 (NC DA&CS, 2015) and assuming a 16–20 week growth period for a commercial turkey (US EPA, 2012) or 2.5 flocks per year, there are approximately 13.4 million livestock turkeys in the state at any one time. When combined with the estimated layer chicken population of 13.3 million and an estimated 157.3 million broiler chickens (786,600,000 divided by 5 flocks per year) it is reasonable to assume a poultry population of 184 million birds statewide (NC DA&CS, 2015). This means that less than 4% of the poultry population in North Carolina is regulated under a permit issued by the DWR.

Cattle operations that confine the animals for part of the time at least 45 days out of the year and spread collected waste are required to obtain a permit. Most permitted cattle facilities are dairy farms where confinement is for milking purposes only. During times when the cattle are not confined, the waste remains in a grazing pasture as with a non-confined cattle operation. Since the duration in which the cattle are confined is not known, nutrient estimates for cattle were not generated. It is estimated that less than 12% of the cattle population in North Carolina is regulated under a permit issued by the DWR.

Table 1: A Summary of Animal Operations with a DWR Permit as of November 13, 2013

| Permit Type | Regulated Activity | Total Number of |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Beef Brood Cow | 409 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Beef Feeder | 7,041 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Beef Stocker Calf | 2,885 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Dairy Calf | 2,209 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Dairy Heifer | 9,352 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Dry Cow | 3,496 |
| Cattle State COC | Cattle – Milk Cow | 51,591 |
| Cattle NPDES COC | Cattle – Beef Stocker Calf | 1,675 |
| Cattle NPDES COC | Cattle – Milk Cow | 250 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Beef Brood Cow | 500 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Beef Feeder | 5,000 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Beef Stocker Calf | 5,420 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Dairy Calf | 140 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Dairy Heifer | 1,300 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Dry Cow | 215 |
| Animal Individual State | Cattle – Milk Cow | 2,155 |
| Total Cattle | | 93,638 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Boar/Stud | 5,502 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Farrow to Feeder | 68,367 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Farrow to Finish | 21,508 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Farrow to Wean | 862,680 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Feeder to Finish | 5,642,176 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Gilts | 18,671 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Other | 70 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Wean to Feeder | 2,423,785 |
| Swine State COC | Swine – Wean to Finish | 229,424 |
| Swine NPDES COC | Swine – Farrow to Wean | 6,672 |
| Swine NPDES COC | Swine – Feeder to Finish | 51,770 |
| Swine NPDES COC | Swine – Wean to Feeder | 1,200 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Boar/Stud | 500 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Farrow to Finish | 100 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Farrow to Wean | 17,450 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Feeder to Finish | 227,179 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Gilts | 200 |
| Animal Individual State | Swine – Wean to Feeder | 17,760 |
| Total Swine | | 9,595,014 |
| Wet Poultry State COC | Wet Poultry – Layers | 751,600 |
| Wet Poultry State COC | Wet Poultry – Non Laying Pullets | 56,500 |
| Wet Poultry NPDES COC | Wet Poultry – Layers | 95,119 |
| Wet Poultry NPDES COC | Dry Poultry – Laying Chickens | 1,200,000 |
| Animal Individual NPDES | Wet Poultry – Layers | 4,000,000 |
| Animal Individual NPDES | Wet Poultry – Non Laying Pullets | 750,000 |
| Total Poultry | | 6,853,219 |
| Animal Individual State | Horses – Horses | 21,340 |
| Animal Individual State | Animals Other | 335 |

NC Division of Water Resources Basinwide Information Management System, November 13, 2013.

Table 2: NC Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services Livestock Statistics

| Species and Classification | Number on Farms, January 1 | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|------------|
| | 2006 | 2014 | 2015 |
| Cattle – Total ¹ | 860,000 | 810,000 | 800,000 |
| Cows & Heifers that have calved | 436,000 | 400,000 | 410,000 |
| Beef Cows | 384,000 | 355,000 | 363,000 |
| Milk Cows | 52,000 | 45,000 | 47,000 |
| Heifers 500 pounds and over | 120,000 | 116,000 | 115,000 |
| For Beef Cow replacement | 72,000 | 72,000 | 69,000 |
| For Milk Cow replacement | 22,000 | 20,000 | 18,000 |
| Other Heifers | 26,000 | 24,000 | 28,000 |
| Steers 500 pounds and over | 45,000 | 44,000 | 36,000 |
| Bulls 500 pounds and over | 29,000 | 30,000 | 29,000 |
| Calves under 500 pounds | 230,000 | 220,000 | 210,000 |
| Sheep – Total | 18,000 | 27,000 | 30,000 |
| Breeding Sheep & Lambs | 14,000 | 21,000 | 24,000 |
| Replacement Lambs | 3,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Ewes 1 year plus | 10,000 | 15,000 | 18,000 |
| Rams 1 year plus | 1,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Market Sheep & Lambs | 4,000 | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| Goats – Total ² | - | - | - |
| Angora Goats ² | - | - | - |
| Milk Goats | - | 7,000 | 8,000 |
| Meat and Other Goats | - | 45,000 | 43,000 |
| | Number on Farms, December 1 | | |
| | 2006 | 2014 | 2015 |
| All Hogs and Pigs | 9,500,000 | 8,500,000 | 8,800,000 |
| Breeding Hogs | 1,010,000 | 870,000 | 880,000 |
| Market Hogs | 8,490,000 | 7,630,000 | 7,920,000 |
| Under 50 Pounds | (under 60lbs) 3,390,000 | 2,600,000 | 3,010,000 |
| 50-119 Pounds | (60-119lbs) 1,970,000 | 1,800,000 | 1,830,000 |
| 120-179 Pounds | 1,680,000 | 1,630,000 | 1,580,000 |
| 180 Pounds and above | 1,450,000 | 1,600,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Chickens – Total ³ | 19,201,000 | 21,234,000 | 21,814,000 |
| Layers | - | 14,441,000 | - |
| Broilers (# produced) | 749,000,000 | 795,200,000 | - |
| Turkeys (# raised) | 37,500,000 | 28,500,000 | - |
| | <p><i>1 Totals may not add due to rounding.</i></p> <p><i>2 Not published by NCDA to avoid disclosure of individual operations.</i></p> <p><i>3 Does not include commercial broilers.</i></p> <p><i>Source: North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 2012 Agricultural Statistics</i></p> | | |

Objective

The objective of this project was to determine the spatial distribution of the phosphorous and nitrogen applied to fields from Animal Operations permits in order to make comparisons to other sources of nutrients. The primary purpose of this estimate is to compare the relative magnitude of nutrients from animal waste application to other known quantities of nutrients applied to the land or discharged to surface waters. These estimates and comparisons can be used to improve management plans for nutrient sensitive watersheds and to help develop nine-element watershed restoration plans. These estimates may also be used as a guide to select potential areas for research on impacts of nutrient application from animal operations.

This project was not intended to determine if land application of animal wastes is having an impact on groundwater or surface water but to simply get an estimate for the amount of nutrients being released into the environment. If waste application rates are limited to the agronomic rate of the cover crop and waste application is conducted in accordance with permit conditions, then the majority of the nutrients should, in theory, be taken up by the vegetation before reaching groundwater or surface waters.

Data Sources and Methodology

A spreadsheet of permitted animal feeding operation locations, animal types, and allowable animal counts were obtained from the DWR Basinwide Information Management System (BIMS) database in November 2013. Some of these permits are for animal operations that are no longer housing animals or are operating at less than the maximum allowed. Estimates for manure production, as well as nitrogen and phosphorous concentration were obtained from the *2014 North Carolina Agricultural Chemicals Manual* published by North Carolina State University (Table 3). These factors were used to generate nutrient estimates for each permit utilizing an anaerobic lagoon system by multiplying the allowable animal count by the manure production per animal.

Each permit was assigned to a county and subwatershed (12-digit Hydrologic Unit) based on a single point location of the farm. While wastes may be spread over an area of tens of acres, a single point is the only coordinate information that is currently stored in BIMS. Moreover, while a polygon of the application area would be more accurate, the degree of inaccuracy introduced by using a single point should be small because lagoon wastes are usually spread immediately adjacent to the barns. The subwatershed estimates were then aggregated to the subbasin (8-digit Hydrologic Unit) and River Basin level.

Table 3: Manure Volume/Weight and Pounds of Nitrogen and P₂O₅ Produced Annually

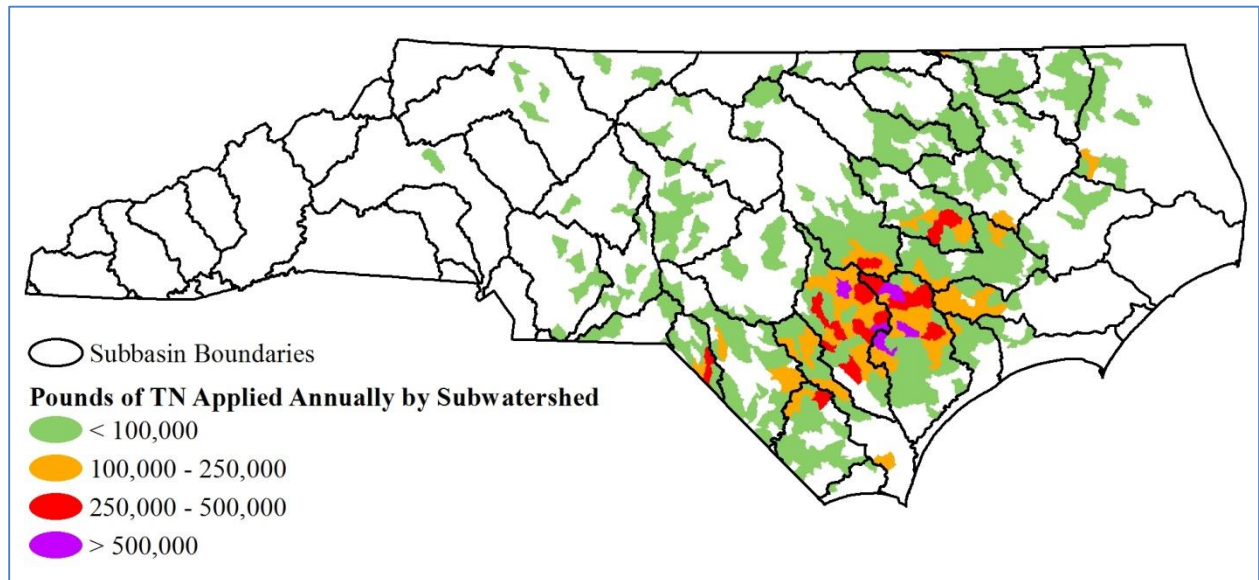
| Livestock Type | Manure Volume Gallons/Animal/Year | Total Nitrogen Pounds/1,000 Gallons | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ Pounds/1,000 Gallons |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Anaerobic Lagoon Liquid | | | |
| Swine – Boars | *2,929 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Gilts | *1,000 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Farrow to Wean | 3,203 | 2.4 | 0.9 |
| Swine – Farrow to Feeder | 3,861 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Farrow to Finish | 10,478 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Feeder to Finish | 927 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Wean to Feeder | 191 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Swine – Wean to Finish | 776 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Wet Poultry – Layers | 25.373 | 3.1 | 1.0 |
| Wet Poultry – Non Laying Pullet | 9.11 | 3.1 | 1.0 |
| Waste Pit Slurry | | | |
| Cattle – Dairy Calf | 1,876 | 16.7 | 9.1 |
| Cattle – Dairy Heifer | 5,535 | 16.7 | 9.1 |
| Cattle – Dairy Milk Cow | 7,749 | 16.7 | 9.1 |
| Livestock Type | Manure in Tons/Animal/Year | Total Nitrogen Pounds/Ton/Year | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ Pounds/Ton/Year |
| Dry Scraped | | | |
| Cattle – Beef Stocker | 1.5 | 13.0 | 8.3 |
| Cattle – Beef Feeder | 2.2 | 13.0 | 8.3 |
| Cattle – Beef Brood Cow | 3.0 | 13.0 | 8.3 |
| Cattle – Dairy Calf | 4.1 | 11.2 | 7.0 |
| Cattle – Dairy Heifer | 12 | 11.2 | 7.0 |
| Cattle – Dairy Milk Cow | 17 | 11.2 | 7.0 |
| Livestock Type | Manure in Tons /1,000 Birds/Year | Total Nitrogen Pounds/Ton/Year | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ Pounds/Ton/Year |
| Dry Scraped | | | |
| Poultry – Breeder Chicken | 24 | 47.6 | 44.7 |
| Poultry – Broiler Chicken Whole House | 7.2 | 57.8 | 40.0 |
| Poultry – Broiler Chicken Cake | 4.0 | 57.8 | 40.0 |
| Poultry – Breeder Turkey | 37 | 54.0 | 48.2 |
| Poultry – Hen Turkey | 17 | 54.0 | 48.2 |
| Poultry – Poult Turkey | 5.3 | 54.0 | 48.2 |
| Poultry – Tom Turkey | 25 | 54.0 | 48.2 |

Source: 2014 North Carolina Agricultural Chemicals Manual
 *Source: DWR Animal Feeding Operations Branch

Results

By the methods used in this project, it was estimated that over 30.8 million pounds of total nitrogen and over 11.9 million pound of phosphorous as P₂O₅ are applied to the land annually through DWR-permitted animal operations utilizing an anaerobic lagoon and sprayfield system in North Carolina. Since less than 4% of the poultry population is housed in operations utilizing an anaerobic lagoon/sprayfield system, and cattle operations were not included in this project, these estimates mainly reflect swine operations. Thus the geographic distribution of the nutrient application estimated by this project closely mirrors the location of swine operations which are located mostly in the southeastern part of the state (Figure 1).

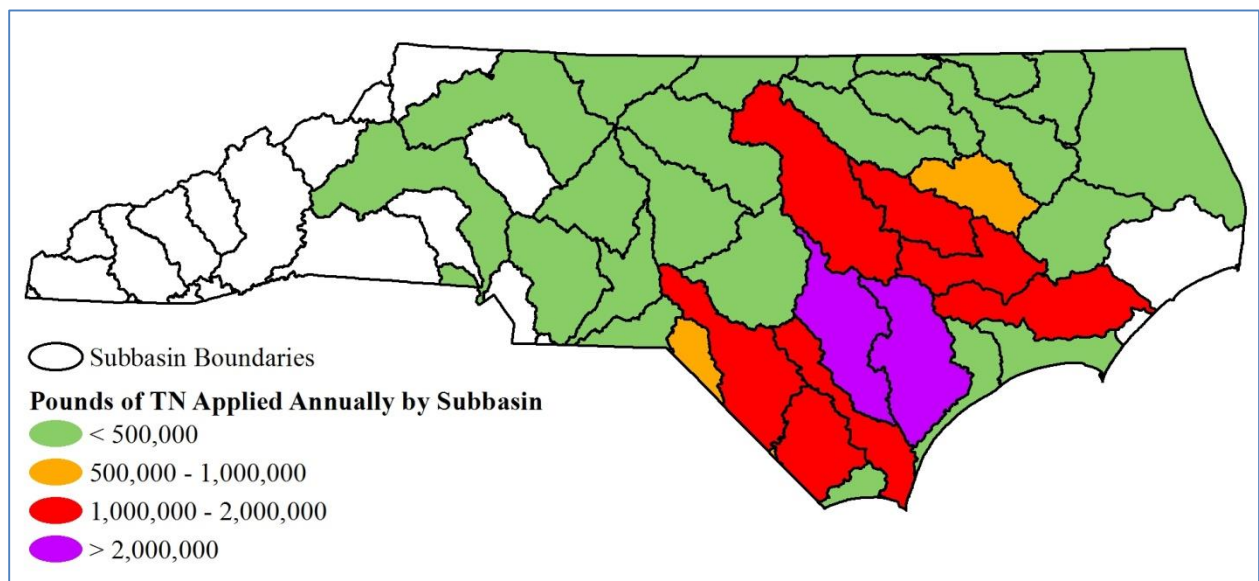
Figure 1: Total Nitrogen Applied Annually by Subwatershed



Subwatershed estimates for total nitrogen ranged from 291 to 740,620 pounds a year based on animal populations at the time of assessment. The subwatershed with the highest total application was Middle Goshen Swamp subwatershed in northwestern Duplin County. Since the same volume factor with a different concentration factor was used to calculate P₂O₅ estimates, the relative distribution of phosphorous loading is identical to the relative distribution of total nitrogen loading.

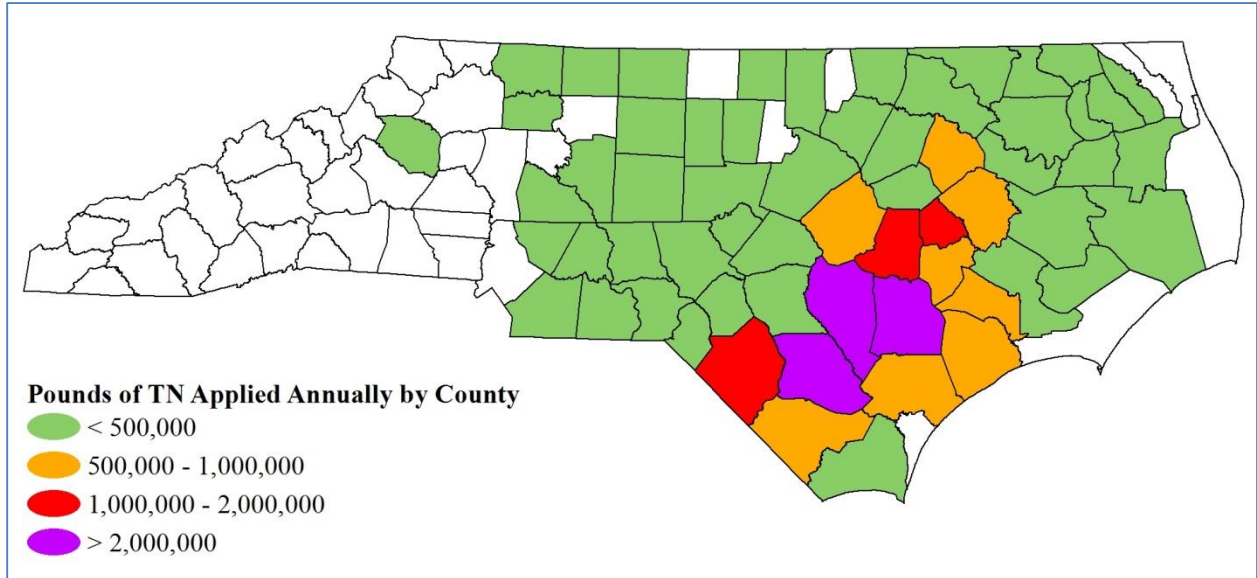
At the subbasin scale, the highest concentration of nutrient application can be found in the Northeast Cape Fear River Subbasin and the Black River Subbasin (Figure 2).

Figure 2: Total Nitrogen Applied Annually by Subbasin



Duplin, Sampson and Bladen counties received the highest estimated total nitrogen and phosphorous from land application of animal wastes in the state. These three counties accounted for more than half of the state’s total nutrient loading from permitted CAFOs, with a combined total of 18,374,007 pounds of total nitrogen (59.54% of total) and 6,038,674 pounds of phosphorous as P₂O₅ (59.61% of total). *Note:* total nitrogen numbers can be converted to first year plant available nitrogen (PAN) by multiplying the total nitrogen by an availability coefficient for a specific waste application method; these coefficients range from 0.4 - 0.6 (Crouse, D. A., et al, 2014).

Figure 3: Total Nitrogen Applied Annually by County



A complete list of results by subwatershed, subbasin, and county can be found in the Appendix.

Discussion

Comparison to Nutrient Loads from Land Application of Wastewater Treatment Residuals

It was estimated that between approximately 2 to 4 million pounds of plant-available nitrogen and roughly 2.5 million pounds of phosphorous were applied to the land surface from class B wastewater residual solids permits statewide in 2010 (NC DENR-DWQ, 2012). While these estimates do not include class A wastewater residual solids, the data indicate that, on a statewide scale, the amount of nutrients being land-applied by permitted animal operations is several times greater than the amount of nutrients land-applied as wastewater residual solids.

Comparison to Residential Subsurface On-site Septic System

Estimates for land-applied nitrogen from anaerobic lagoon and sprayfield systems associated with DWR animal operation permits are of the same order of magnitude as nitrogen released to septic system drain fields in North Carolina in 1990. It was estimated that in 1990 septic systems drainfields received approximately 31.6 million pounds of nitrogen annually (Pradhan et al., 2007). Although it is known that population has increased substantially in North Carolina since 1990, the change in the number of residents serviced by septic systems is not known.

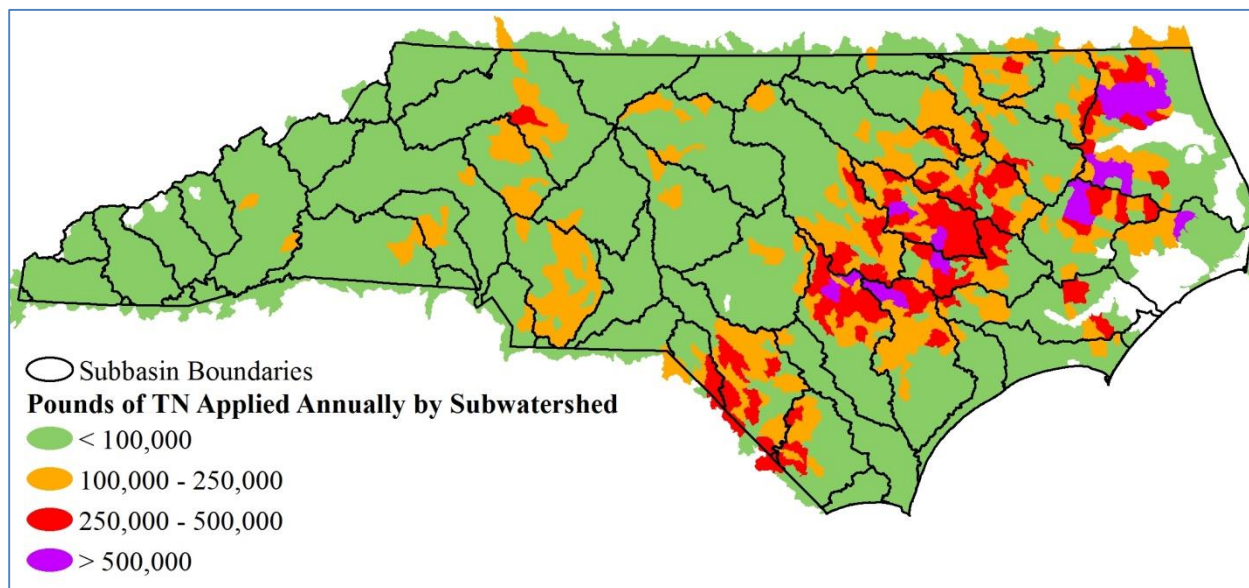
Comparison to Synthetic Chemical Fertilizer Application Estimates

The US Geological Survey compiled county-level data for the application of synthetic chemical fertilizer for both farm and non-farm application for every year from 1987 through 2006. Statewide it was estimated that 390,793,267 pounds of total nitrogen and 106,178,207 pounds of total phosphorous were applied in North Carolina in 2006. The annual total nitrogen estimates in pounds ranged from 278,223,772 to 512,423,464 with an average of 403,266,487. The total phosphorus estimates in pounds ranged from 71,250,267 to 108,377,393 with an average of 91,570,593 (Gronberg and Spahr, 2012).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) used the USGS county-level estimates to calculate the average total nitrogen application rates by subwatershed for only the farm applied portion. The county-level data was divided up among the subwatersheds using 2006 National Land Cover Dataset (NLCD) and is not crop specific (US EPA, 2014a). Figure 4 shows total nitrogen applied on farms from chemical synthetic fertilizers by subwatershed derived from the EPA data. This map does not show the portion of total nitrogen applied to residential lawns, golf courses, athletic field, and other non-farm uses.

While Duplin, Sampson, and Bladen counties received the highest estimated nutrient quantities from land application of animal wastes, these counties also were reported to have received very high levels of TN from chemical fertilizer application (Figure 4). These three counties were estimated to receive 19,043,060 pounds of total nitrogen annually by this means, accounting for 14.2% of the state's total loading derived from chemical fertilizer application. This amount exceeds the 18,374,007 pounds derived from DWR permitted application of animal wastes in these three counties. An attempt to study the impact of such operations on water quality could be complicated by spatial density of nutrient release from agricultural non-point sources in the surrounding area.

Figure 4: 2006 Estimated Total Nitrogen Applied to Farms from Synthetic Chemical Fertilizer (US EPA, 2014)



Comparison to Other Manure Application Estimates

The International Plant Nutrition Institute (IPNI) compiled data for total nitrogen and P_2O_5 application from recoverable manure by county for 2007. Recoverable manure is only the portion of animal waste that is collected, stored, and land-applied from confined animal feeding operations and includes confined animal feeding operations both with and without a DWR animal operations permit. Statewide it was estimated that 188,054,000 pounds of total nitrogen and 296,416,000 pounds of P_2O_5 were applied in North Carolina in 2006 (IPNI, 2012). The IPNI estimates suggest either that (1) land-applied nutrient loads from DWR-regulated animal operations account for only a small fraction of statewide nitrogen and phosphorous application from all manure sources or (2) the methods and assumptions used by IPNI are not comparable to the methods and assumptions used in this report, (3) or a combination of the two.

The US EPA calculated subwatershed estimates for total nitrogen application rates from recoverable manure in 2006 using 2007 county-level data from the IPNI and 2006 National Land Cover Dataset (US EPA, 2014). Figure 5 shows total nitrogen applied on farms from recoverable manure by subwatershed derived from the EPA data. Much of the manure application in the EPA dataset overlaps geographically with the waste application estimated by this project and likely reflects the sources accounted for by this report. However, the EPA dataset shows areas in the Piedmont with high application rates where there is little application by DWR-regulated facilities. These areas likely represent nutrients derived from dry litter poultry operations that is not captured under DWR's regulated animal operation permit system.

Figure 5: 2006 Estimated Total Nitrogen Application from Manure Fertilizer (US EPA , 2014b)

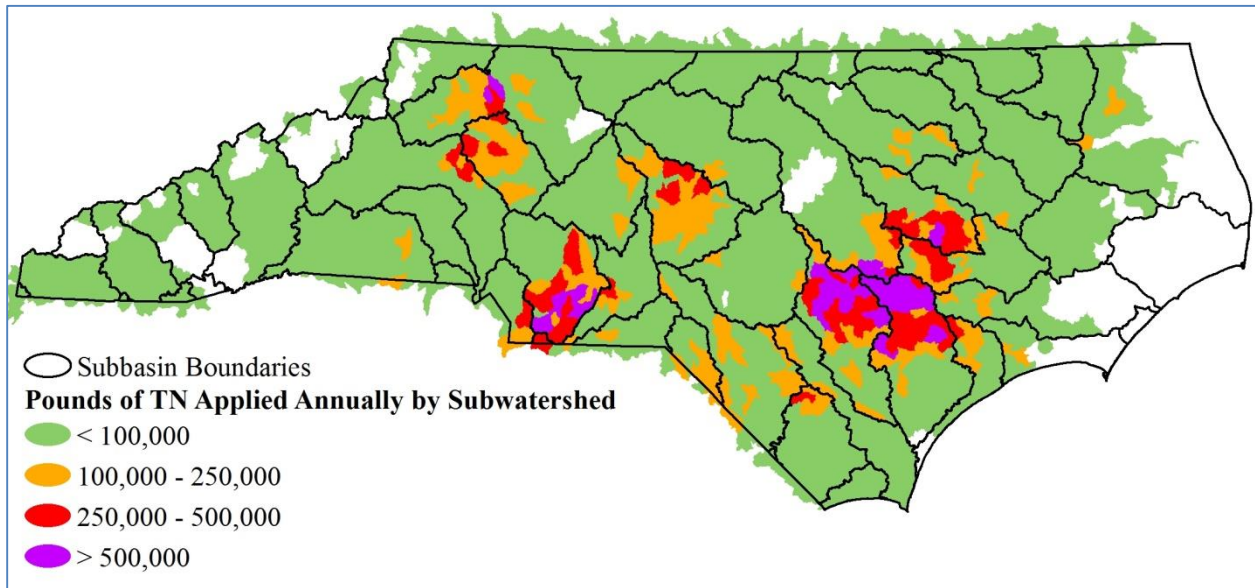
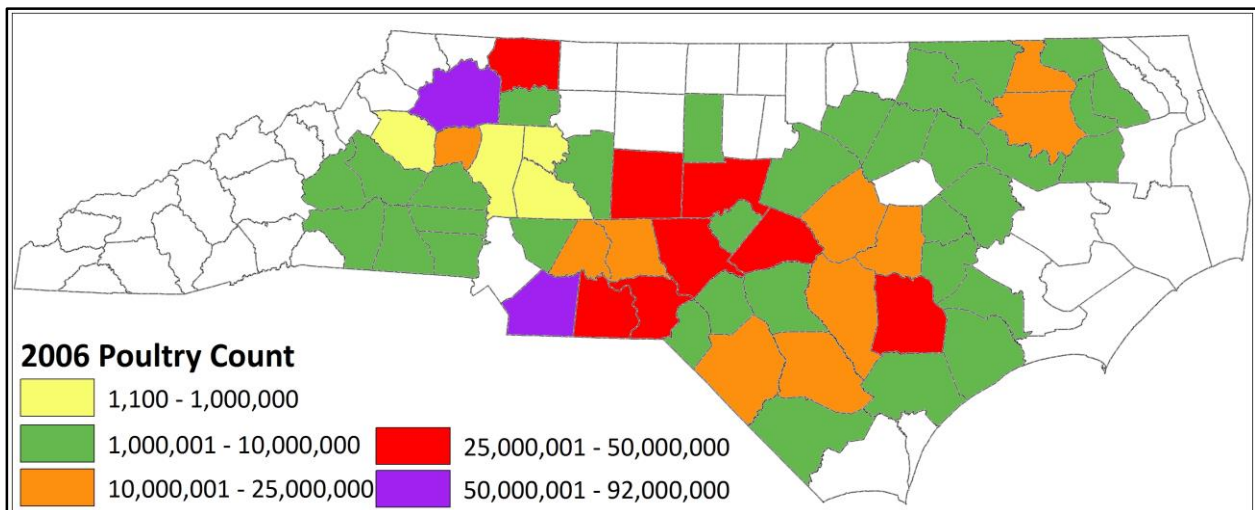


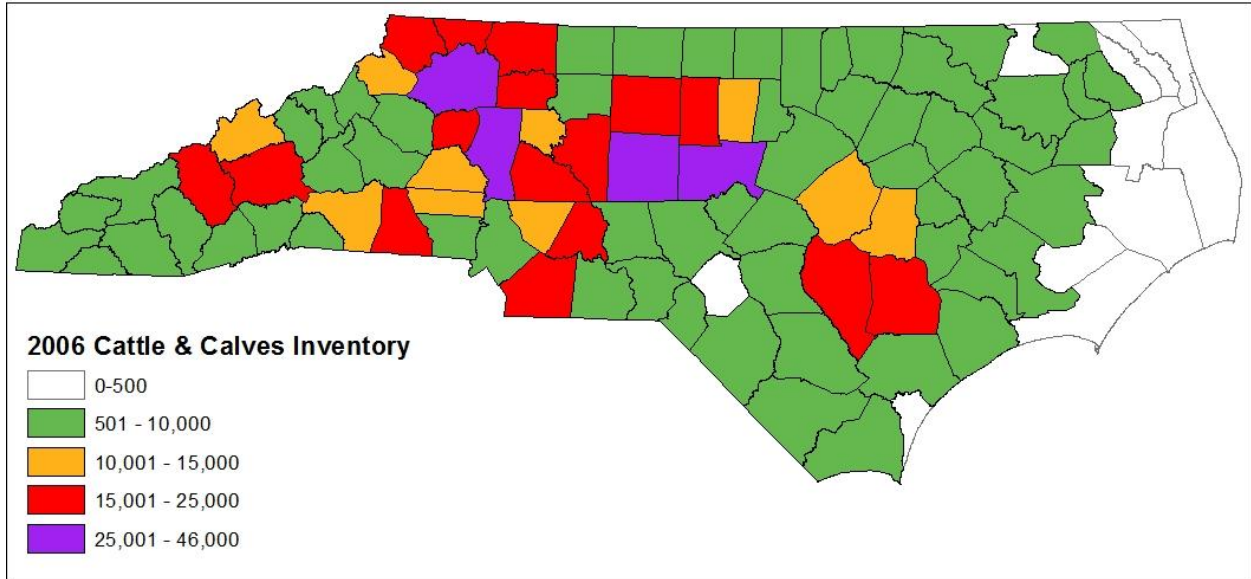
Figure 6 shows county-level estimates by the National Agriculture Statistics Service of layers, broilers and turkeys raised in 2006. Figure 7 shows the number of cattle including calves recorded by the National Agriculture Statistics Service for 2006. These two figures account for the differences between estimates shown in Figure 1 and Figure 5 since most of the waste nutrients for these animals were not estimated. The distribution of these animals overlaps with the areas of high nutrient application from manure in the EPA dataset, suggesting that the high concentrations of nutrient application from manure in these areas comes from dry litter poultry and cattle grazing operations.

Figure 6: 2006 Number of Poultry by County



Agriculture Statistics available from: <https://quickstats.nass.usda.gov/>

Figure 7: 2006 Number of Cattle and Calves by County



Agriculture Statistics available from: <https://quickstats.nass.usda.gov/>

References

- Crouse, D. A., et al, 2014. "[Livestock & Poultry Manure Production Rates and Nutrient Content](#)", *2014 North Carolina Agricultural Chemicals Manual*, North Carolina State University.
- Fixen, Paul E., Ryan Williams, and Quentin B. Rund. [NUGIS: A Nutrient Use Geographic Information System for the US](#).
- Gronberg, Jo Ann M. and Norman E. Spahr. 2012. [County-Level Estimates of Nitrogen and Phosphorous from Commercial Fertilizer for the Conterminous United States, 1987-2006](#). United States Geological Survey Scientific Investigation Report 2012-5207
- International Plant Nutrition Institute (IPNI). 2012. [A Nutrient Use Information System \(NuGIS\) for the U.S.](#), Norcross, GA.
- Pradhan S. S., et al., 2007. [Potential Nitrogen Contributions from On-site Wastewater Treatment Systems to North Carolina's River Basins and Sub-basins](#). North Carolina Agricultural Research Services – North Carolina State University.
- NC Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – Division of Agricultural Statistics, 2007. [2007 Annual Statistics Book](#).
- NC Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – Division of Agricultural Statistics, 2012. [2012 Annual Statistics Book](#).
- NC Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – Division of Agricultural Statistics, 2013. [2013 Annual Statistics Book](#).
- NC Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – Division of Agricultural Statistics, 2013. [2015 Annual Statistics Book](#).
- NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources - Division of Water Quality (NC DENR-DWQ), 2012. "[Compilation of Phosphorous and Plant Available Nitrogen Applied to the Land through Permits for Land Application of Residual Solids in 2010](#)." NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources – Division of Water Resources (NC DENR-DWR), 2013. "[A Summary of Treated Wastewater Land Application in 2010](#)." NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources.
- US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA), 2012. Poultry Production Phases, <http://www.epa.gov/agriculture/ag101/poultryphases.html>.
- US EPA, 2014a. *Synthetic N fertilizer application to agricultural lands by 12-digit HUC in the Conterminous United States, 2006*, [EnviroAtlas Geodatabase](#).

US EPA, 2014b. *Manure application to agricultural lands from confined animal feeding operations by 12-digit HUC for the Conterminous United States, 2006*, [EnviroAtlas Geodatabase](#).

Appendix: Complete Results by Subwatershed and County

Table A-1: Subwatershed (12-Digit HUC) Results in Pounds Applied Annually

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|--|----------------|--|
| Roanoke Basin | | | |
| 030101020802 | Mountain Creek-Grassy Creek | 4,192 | 1,630 |
| 030101021004 | Eastland Creek-John H Kerr Reservoir | 47,151 | 18,337 |
| 030101030301 | Snow Creek | 11,120 | 4,324 |
| 030101030503 | Massy Creek-Dan River | 9,263 | 3,474 |
| 030101030504 | Rock House Creek-Dan River | 6,007 | 2,336 |
| 030101040604 | Headwaters Mayo Creek | 9,807 | 3,814 |
| 030101060204 | Newmans Creek-Smith Creek | 8,501 | 3,306 |
| 030101060205 | Blue Mud Creek-Smith Creek | 5,765 | 2,162 |
| 030101060301 | Hawtree Creek | 37,721 | 14,669 |
| 030101060303 | Sixpound Creek | 22,632 | 8,802 |
| 030101070202 | Gumberry Swamp | 32,161 | 12,158 |
| 030101070203 | Headwaters Conoconnara Swamp | 18,860 | 7,335 |
| 030101070204 | Outlet Conoconnara Swamp | 881 | 284 |
| 030101070205 | Looking Glass Run | 15,989 | 5,996 |
| 030101070302 | Flag Run Gut-Roanoke River | 10,269 | 3,993 |
| 030101070304 | White Millpond-Kehukee Swamp | 55,863 | 21,724 |
| 030101070503 | Coniott Creek-Roanoke River | 38,445 | 14,951 |
| 030101070507 | Beaverdam Creek | 5,599 | 2,177 |
| 030101070703 | Connaritsa Swamp | 14,337 | 5,575 |
| 030101070705 | Community of Francis Mill-Cashie River | 31,979 | 11,992 |
| Chowan Basin | | | |
| 030102030204 | Headwaters Cole Creek | 38,264 | 14,367 |
| 030102030205 | Cole Creek-Sarem Creek | 2,317 | 892 |
| 030102030301 | Town of Aulander-Upper Ahoskie Creek | 81,630 | 30,619 |
| 030102030306 | Lower Ahoskie Creek | 18,449 | 6,918 |
| 030102030404 | Chinkapin Creek | 11,854 | 4,610 |
| 030102030501 | Duke Swamp | 14,583 | 5,671 |
| 030102030504 | Bennetts Creek | 15,492 | 6,025 |
| 030102030601 | Trotman Creek | 2,403 | 934 |
| 030102030602 | Warwick Creek-Catherine Creek | 3,671 | 1,428 |
| 030102030603 | Holiday Island-Chowan River | 5,927 | 2,305 |
| 030102030604 | Dillard Millpond-Indian Creek | 11,805 | 4,587 |
| 030102030605 | Town of Colerain-Chowan River | 8,890 | 3,457 |
| 030102030702 | Bennett Millpond-Rockyhock Creek | 3,337 | 1,298 |
| 030102040704 | Beaverpond Creek | 155,492 | 60,368 |
| 030102040705 | Jacks Swamp | 18,449 | 6,918 |
| 030102040801 | Wildcat Swamp | 8,343 | 3,245 |
| 030102040802 | Headwaters Potecasi Creek | 6,341 | 2,466 |
| 030102040803 | Headwaters Urahaw Swamp | 46,314 | 17,592 |
| 030102040804 | Outlet Urahaw Swamp | 30,716 | 11,945 |
| 030102040805 | Upper Potecasi Creek | 16,726 | 6,505 |
| 030102040806 | Cutawhiskie Creek | 25,153 | 9,432 |
| 030102040807 | Middle Potecasi Creek | 60,660 | 22,747 |
| 030102040901 | Cypress Creek | 54,266 | 20,754 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| 030102040907 | Kirbys Creek | 11,116 | 4,168 |
| Pasquotank (Albemarle) Basin | | | |
| 030102050101 | Pembroke Creek | 20,744 | 8,067 |
| 030102050103 | Headwaters Kendrick Creek | 7,544 | 2,934 |
| 030102050104 | Outlet Kendrick Creek | 205,497 | 79,796 |
| 030102050203 | Moccasin Canal-Scuppernong River | 45,730 | 17,784 |
| 030102050204 | Old Canal-Scuppernong River | 77,977 | 29,478 |
| 030102050301 | Great Dismal Swamp-Headwaters Perquimmans River | 1,869 | 727 |
| 030102050302 | Goodwin Creek | 19,396 | 7,543 |
| 030102050303 | Town of Hertford-Upper Perquimmans River | 6,007 | 2,336 |
| 030102050305 | Lower Perquimmans River | 9,430 | 3,667 |
| 030102050402 | Bethel Creek | 3,489 | 1,338 |
| 030102050701 | Folly Swamp | 2,536 | 986 |
| 030102050707 | Newbegun Creek | 3,844 | 1,441 |
| Tar-Pamlico Basin | | | |
| 030201010501 | Peachtree Creek-Boddies Millpond | 65,460 | 25,320 |
| 030201010502 | Pig Basket Creek | 19,751 | 7,243 |
| 030201010602 | Turkey Creek | 24,028 | 9,344 |
| 030201010603 | Biddie Toe Creek-Tar River | 2,613 | 1,016 |
| 030201010604 | Upper Spony Creek | 10,070 | 3,776 |
| 030201010605 | Lower Spony Creek | 9,701 | 3,773 |
| 030201010606 | Tar River Reservoir | 7,208 | 2,803 |
| 030201010704 | Red Bud Creek | 516 | 166 |
| 030201010705 | Middle Sandy Creek | 50,925 | 19,804 |
| 030201010706 | Lower Sandy Creek | 2,613 | 1,016 |
| 030201010801 | Flat Rock Branch-Swift Creek | 21,656 | 8,225 |
| 030201010802 | White Oak Swamp | 55,125 | 21,170 |
| 030201010803 | Moccasin Creek-Swift Creek | 26,909 | 10,358 |
| 030201010903 | Buck Swamp-Tar River | 56,915 | 22,134 |
| 030201020203 | Upper Little Fishing Creek | 22,632 | 8,802 |
| 030201020304 | Crooked Swamp-Fishing Creek | 34,143 | 13,278 |
| 030201020405 | Cow Haul Swamp-Beech Swamp | 55,928 | 21,235 |
| 030201020501 | Beaverdam Swamp | 51,204 | 19,690 |
| 030201020504 | Town of Bricks-Fishing Creek | 12,815 | 4,984 |
| 030201020601 | Maple Swamp | 28,833 | 11,213 |
| 030201020602 | Town of Dawson Crossroads | 13,349 | 5,191 |
| 030201020604 | Middle Deep Creek | 25,630 | 9,967 |
| 030201020605 | Lower Deep Creek | 62,528 | 23,448 |
| 030201020606 | Outlet Fishing Creek | 66,718 | 25,946 |
| 030201030103 | Headwaters Cokey Swamp | 24,946 | 9,701 |
| 030201030104 | Outlet Cokey Swamp | 9,237 | 3,592 |
| 030201030105 | Middle Town Creek | 31,281 | 12,165 |
| 030201030107 | Lower Town Creek | 21,816 | 8,304 |
| 030201030203 | Otter Creek | 56,889 | 21,660 |
| 030201030301 | Upper Conetoe Creek | 20,702 | 7,763 |
| 030201030302 | Crisp Creek | 16,527 | 6,198 |
| 030201030303 | Fountain Fork Creek-Middle Conetoe Creek | 56,219 | 21,400 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|--|----------------|--|
| 030201030304 | Mitchell Swamp | 550 | 214 |
| 030201030305 | Lower Conetoe Creek | 6,407 | 2,492 |
| 030201030402 | Johnsons Mill Run | 38,445 | 14,951 |
| 030201030501 | Collie Swamp | 6,390 | 2,485 |
| 030201030503 | Sheppard Millpond-Briery Swamp | 18,449 | 6,918 |
| 030201030601 | Headwaters Grindle Creek | 46,357 | 17,873 |
| 030201030603 | Headwaters Chicod Creek | 185,618 | 71,413 |
| 030201030604 | Outlet Chicod Creek | 106,686 | 41,009 |
| 030201040102 | Chocowinity Creek | 31,979 | 11,992 |
| 030201040106 | Headwaters Blounts Creek | 33,362 | 12,511 |
| 030201040303 | Intercepting Canal-Cuckolds Creek | 73,779 | 28,360 |
| 030201040305 | Pantego Creek | 66,522 | 25,166 |
| 030201040402 | Shallop Creek-Pungo River | 62,621 | 20,200 |
| 030201040403 | Pungo Lake Canal-Pungo River | 13,381 | 5,060 |
| 030201040602 | Pungo Swamp-Pungo Creek | 10,063 | 3,773 |
| Neuse Basin | | | |
| 030202010101 | North Flat River | 710 | 274 |
| 030202010102 | South Flat River | 22,076 | 8,556 |
| 030202010103 | Deep Creek | 11,883 | 4,621 |
| 030202010303 | Stony Creek-Eno River | 881 | 284 |
| 030202010903 | Lower Middle Creek | 7,830 | 3,045 |
| 030202011002 | Lake Benson-Swift Creek | 9,921 | 3,858 |
| 030202011005 | Little Creek | 1,115 | 433 |
| 030202011104 | Mill Creek-Neuse River | 7,645 | 2,973 |
| 030202011105 | Buffalo Creek-Neuse River | 35,354 | 13,611 |
| 030202011202 | Camp Branch-Black Creek | 8,911 | 3,466 |
| 030202011203 | Holts Lake-Black Creek | 48,601 | 18,900 |
| 030202011301 | Upper Hannah Creek | 13,113 | 5,100 |
| 030202011302 | Lower Hannah Creek | 46,988 | 18,273 |
| 030202011303 | Upper Mill Creek | 80,431 | 31,065 |
| 030202011304 | Stone Creek | 61,804 | 24,035 |
| 030202011305 | Middle Mill Creek | 107,831 | 41,548 |
| 030202011306 | Lower Mill Creek | 127,278 | 49,283 |
| 030202011401 | Brooks Swamp | 206,073 | 80,140 |
| 030202011402 | Thunder Swamp-Thoroughfare Swamp | 166,800 | 64,738 |
| 030202011403 | Upper Falling Creek | 257,039 | 99,960 |
| 030202011404 | Lower Falling Creek | 215,734 | 83,320 |
| 030202011503 | Cattail Creek-Little River | 70,756 | 26,897 |
| 030202011602 | Little Creek-Little River | 19,222 | 7,475 |
| 030202011603 | Dennis Branch-Little River | 49,554 | 19,271 |
| 030202011604 | Buck Swamp-Little River | 11,942 | 4,644 |
| 030202011701 | Bawdy Creek | 20,824 | 8,098 |
| 030202011702 | Polecat Branch-Neuse River | 3,504 | 1,363 |
| 030202011703 | Moccasin Creek | 9,611 | 3,738 |
| 030202011704 | Charles Branch-Beaverdam Creek | 39,833 | 15,491 |
| 030202011705 | Quaker Neck Lake-Neuse River | 29,969 | 11,574 |
| 030202020103 | Seymour Johnson Air Force Base-Neuse River | 22,523 | 8,759 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 030202020104 | Sleepy Creek | 93,171 | 35,070 |
| 030202020105 | Sleepy Creek-Neuse River | 37,437 | 14,287 |
| 030202020106 | Lake Wakena-Walnut Creek | 8,303 | 3,165 |
| 030202020107 | Walnut Creek-Neuse River | 136,292 | 53,003 |
| 030202020201 | West Bear Creek | 96,111 | 37,377 |
| 030202020202 | Headwaters Bear Creek | 94,647 | 36,807 |
| 030202020203 | Outlet Bear Creek | 53,342 | 20,744 |
| 030202020204 | Hardy Mill Run-Neuse River | 132,845 | 51,662 |
| 030202020205 | Falling Creek | 26,925 | 10,471 |
| 030202020206 | City of Kinston-Neuse River | 28,011 | 10,786 |
| 030202020301 | Headwaters Southwest Creek | 169,153 | 65,492 |
| 030202020302 | Outlet Southwest Creek | 24,508 | 9,531 |
| 030202020306 | Mosley Creek | 72,247 | 28,009 |
| 030202020307 | Mosley Creek-Neuse River | 13,696 | 5,326 |
| 030202020401 | Headwaters Swift Creek | 28,032 | 10,902 |
| 030202020402 | Fork Swamp-Swift Creek | 12,815 | 4,984 |
| 030202020403 | Creeping Swamp | 45,508 | 17,270 |
| 030202020404 | Clayroot Swamp | 117,005 | 45,425 |
| 030202020405 | Clayroot Swamp-Swift Creek | 59,969 | 23,321 |
| 030202020501 | Palmetto Swamp | 43,841 | 16,490 |
| 030202020502 | Mauls Swamp | 3,576 | 1,390 |
| 030202020503 | Town of Vanceboro-Swift Creek | 30,517 | 11,494 |
| 030202020504 | Headwaters Little Swift Creek | 10,474 | 3,996 |
| 030202020506 | Swift Creek | 6,807 | 2,647 |
| 030202020601 | Headwaters Core Creek | 10,492 | 4,080 |
| 030202020602 | Outlet Core Creek | 25,193 | 9,797 |
| 030202020603 | Halfmoon Creek-Neuse River | 50,834 | 19,513 |
| 030202020604 | Pinetree Creek-Neuse River | 17,617 | 6,851 |
| 030202020606 | Outlet Bachelor Creek | 4,218 | 1,640 |
| 030202030101 | Upper Moccasin Creek | 15,924 | 6,193 |
| 030202030102 | Lower Moccasin Creek | 32,500 | 12,639 |
| 030202030103 | Upper Turkey Creek | 3,705 | 1,389 |
| 030202030201 | Great Swamp | 5,982 | 2,326 |
| 030202030202 | Aycock Swamp | 37,237 | 14,054 |
| 030202030302 | Whiteoak Swamp | 10,839 | 4,215 |
| 030202030401 | Little Swamp-Contentnea Creek | 41,192 | 15,806 |
| 030202030405 | Turner Swamp-Contentnea Creek | 25,830 | 10,045 |
| 030202030502 | The Slough | 35,409 | 13,309 |
| 030202030503 | Upper Nahunta Swamp | 137,574 | 52,054 |
| 030202030504 | Middle Nahunta Swamp | 68,346 | 26,579 |
| 030202030505 | Lower Nahunta Swamp | 57,932 | 22,529 |
| 030202030601 | Jacobs Branch | 14,786 | 5,750 |
| 030202030602 | Upper Little Contentnea Creek | 55,722 | 21,392 |
| 030202030603 | Middle Swamp | 316,907 | 122,832 |
| 030202030604 | Middle Little Contentnea Creek | 11,531 | 4,324 |
| 030202030605 | Lower Little Contentnea Creek | 134,894 | 52,176 |
| 030202030701 | Beaman Run-Contentnea Creek | 135,823 | 52,457 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 030202030702 | Tyson Marsh-Contentnea Creek | 270,650 | 104,778 |
| 030202030703 | Rainbow Creek-Contentnea Creek | 93,924 | 36,526 |
| 030202030704 | Wheat Swamp Creek | 52,345 | 20,125 |
| 030202030705 | Polecat Branch-Contentnea Creek | 184,539 | 71,068 |
| 030202030706 | Eagle Swamp-Contentnea Creek | 24,508 | 9,531 |
| 030202040101 | Headwaters Trent River | 178,730 | 68,962 |
| 030202040102 | Headwaters Tuckahoe Swamp | 123,453 | 48,010 |
| 030202040103 | Outlet Tuckahoe Swamp | 135,459 | 52,171 |
| 030202040104 | Joshua Creek-Trent River | 224,877 | 86,357 |
| 030202040105 | Town of Comfort-Trent River | 159,975 | 61,366 |
| 030202040201 | Chinquapin Branch | 5,281 | 2,054 |
| 030202040202 | Rattlesnake Branch-Beaver Creek | 29,496 | 11,471 |
| 030202040203 | Health Mill Run-Beaver Creek | 47,817 | 18,339 |
| 030202040204 | Town of Trenton-Trent River | 145,651 | 55,514 |
| 030202040205 | Beaverdam Creek-Trent River | 47,375 | 18,424 |
| 030202040206 | Town of Pollocksville-Trent River | 105,112 | 40,663 |
| 030202040302 | Island Creek-Trent River | 30,180 | 11,317 |
| 030202040402 | Headwaters Upper Broad Creek | 12,535 | 4,875 |
| White Oak (Onslow Bay) Basin | | | |
| 030203010101 | Headwaters White Oak River | 11,425 | 4,315 |
| 030203010102 | Town of Maysville-White Oak River | 1,719 | 669 |
| 030203010104 | Starkys Creek | 26,134 | 10,163 |
| 030203010202 | Hunters Creek | 19,225 | 7,263 |
| 030203010203 | Mulberry Creek-White Oak River | 14,010 | 5,448 |
| 030203020101 | Town of Richlands-Squires Run | 79,022 | 30,731 |
| 030203020102 | Headwaters New River | 217,518 | 84,270 |
| 030203020103 | Cowhorn Swamp-New River | 17,620 | 6,852 |
| 030203020104 | Blue Creek-New River | 42,617 | 16,445 |
| 030203020201 | Wolf Swamp-Northeast Creek | 2,640 | 1,027 |
| 030203020204 | Headwaters Southwest Creek | 21,625 | 8,410 |
| 030203020205 | Outlet Southwest Creek | 29,528 | 11,483 |
| Cape Fear River Basin | | | |
| 030300020104 | South Buffalo Creek | 3,475 | 1,351 |
| 030300020206 | Giles Creek-Haw River | 8,763 | 3,286 |
| 030300020207 | Town of Altamahaw-Haw River | 2,306 | 865 |
| 030300020302 | Upper Little Alamance Creek | 13,683 | 5,321 |
| 030300020306 | South Prong Stinking Quarter Creek | 8,344 | 3,245 |
| 030300020505 | Lower Cane Creek | 2,002 | 779 |
| 030300030201 | Upper Sandy Creek | 9,225 | 3,459 |
| 030300030203 | Millstone Creek-Deep River | 17,197 | 6,688 |
| 030300030207 | Lower Brush Creek | 15,485 | 6,022 |
| 030300030208 | Flat Creek-Deep River | 51,059 | 19,856 |
| 030300030302 | Parkwood Branch-Richland Creek | 11,462 | 4,457 |
| 030300030401 | Fork Creek | 26,781 | 10,415 |
| 030300030403 | Lower Cabin Creek | 76,803 | 29,519 |
| 030300030404 | Upper Bear Creek | 3,337 | 1,298 |
| 030300030406 | Grassy Creek-Deep River | 22,468 | 8,738 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|---|----------------|--|
| 030300030408 | Tysons Creek-Deep River | 6,196 | 2,323 |
| 030300030504 | Tick Creek-Rocky River | 14,684 | 5,710 |
| 030300040106 | Avents Creek-Cape Fear River | 8,009 | 3,115 |
| 030300040205 | Walkers Creek-Upper Little River | 97,996 | 37,853 |
| 030300040306 | Middle Crane Creek | 2,442 | 950 |
| 030300040307 | Lower Crane Creek | 30,579 | 11,892 |
| 030300040401 | Buffalo Creek | 44,880 | 17,197 |
| 030300040407 | Anderson Creek | 19,623 | 7,631 |
| 030300040502 | Hector Creek-Cape Fear River | 12,405 | 4,694 |
| 030300040604 | Upper Rockfish Creek | 2,442 | 950 |
| 030300040607 | Middle Rockfish Creek | 2,442 | 950 |
| 030300040701 | Town of Wade-Cape Fear River | 16,480 | 6,238 |
| 030300050101 | Cedar Creek-Cape Fear River | 5,253 | 2,043 |
| 030300050102 | Willis Creek-Cape Fear River | 47,685 | 18,006 |
| 030300050103 | Harrison Creek | 36,285 | 13,748 |
| 030300050104 | Phillips Creek-Cape Fear River | 110,318 | 41,469 |
| 030300050201 | Ellis Creek | 128,445 | 49,428 |
| 030300050202 | Browns Creek | 36,309 | 14,120 |
| 030300050203 | Upper Turnbull Creek | 105,609 | 40,515 |
| 030300050204 | Middle Turnbull Creek | 50,010 | 19,448 |
| 030300050205 | Lower Turnbull Creek | 21,141 | 8,222 |
| 030300050206 | White Lake-Cape Fear River | 3,576 | 1,390 |
| 030300050401 | Hammond Creek | 219,625 | 85,217 |
| 030300050402 | Frenchs Creek-Cape Fear River | 113,520 | 43,100 |
| 030300050403 | Carvers Creek | 4,205 | 1,635 |
| 030300050404 | Weyman Creek | 9,811 | 3,816 |
| 030300050405 | Mitchell Landing-Cape Fear River | 9,811 | 3,816 |
| 030300050602 | Bell Swamp-Rice Creek | 121,975 | 47,125 |
| 030300060101 | Upper Black River | 18,898 | 7,349 |
| 030300060103 | Upper Mingo Swamp | 3,294 | 1,281 |
| 030300060104 | Lower Mingo Swamp | 93,668 | 36,213 |
| 030300060105 | Williamson Swamp-South River | 101,998 | 39,666 |
| 030300060107 | Jones Swamp-South River | 79,572 | 30,945 |
| 030300060202 | Big Swamp | 292,290 | 112,701 |
| 030300060203 | Gum Swamp-South River | 42,686 | 16,173 |
| 030300060204 | Beaver Dam Creek | 86,347 | 32,990 |
| 030300060205 | Cypress Creek | 305,765 | 118,513 |
| 030300060206 | Peters Creek-South River | 239,820 | 91,535 |
| 030300060207 | Smith Mill Pond Run-South River | 85,725 | 32,640 |
| 030300060208 | Lake Creek-South River | 349,115 | 132,543 |
| 030300060301 | Caesar Swamp-Little Coharie Creek | 206,336 | 80,087 |
| 030300060302 | Mill Swamp-Little Coharie Creek | 56,312 | 21,899 |
| 030300060303 | Bearskin Swamp | 207,143 | 80,556 |
| 030300060304 | Rye Swamp-Little Coharie Creek | 58,079 | 22,386 |
| 030300060305 | Rattlesnake Branch-Little Coharie Creek | 261,482 | 99,512 |
| 030300060401 | House Pond-Sevenmile Swamp | 124,236 | 47,742 |
| 030300060402 | Headwaters Great Coharie Creek | 107,911 | 41,353 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|--|----------------|--|
| 030300060403 | Ward Swamp | 113,021 | 43,953 |
| 030300060404 | Marsh Swamp-Great Coharie Creek | 534,386 | 207,390 |
| 030300060405 | White Oak Swamp-Great Coharie Creek | 141,555 | 54,793 |
| 030300060406 | Williams Old Mill Branch-Great Coharie Creek | 83,033 | 32,133 |
| 030300060407 | Mill Creek-Great Coharie Creek | 205,661 | 79,294 |
| 030300060408 | Turtle Branch-Great Coharie Creek | 91,325 | 34,637 |
| 030300060501 | Headwaters Six Runs Creek | 328,650 | 127,744 |
| 030300060502 | Mill Swamp-Six Runs Creek | 346,352 | 134,273 |
| 030300060503 | Tenmile Swamp-Six Runs Creek | 122,098 | 47,271 |
| 030300060504 | Turkey Creek-Six Runs Creek | 230,634 | 89,691 |
| 030300060505 | Upper Stewarts Creek | 279,146 | 108,172 |
| 030300060506 | Lower Stewarts Creek | 728,879 | 281,766 |
| 030300060507 | Rowan Branch-Six Runs Creek | 158,309 | 61,484 |
| 030300060508 | Crane Creek | 335,081 | 130,309 |
| 030300060509 | Quewhiffle Creek-Six Runs Creek | 374,581 | 143,848 |
| 030300060510 | Tarkill Branch-Six Runs Creek | 81,866 | 31,753 |
| 030300060601 | Upper Colly Creek | 28,962 | 11,263 |
| 030300060701 | White Oak Branch | 93,927 | 35,374 |
| 030300060702 | Upper Moores Creek | 101,640 | 38,523 |
| 030300060703 | Middle Moores Creek | 17,617 | 6,851 |
| 030300060704 | Lower Moores Creek | 8,169 | 3,177 |
| 030300060801 | Clear Run-Black River | 142,638 | 54,627 |
| 030300060802 | Canty Mill Creek-Black River | 185,683 | 71,247 |
| 030300060803 | Kings Branch-Black River | 159,442 | 61,112 |
| 030300060804 | Colvins Creek | 32,509 | 12,642 |
| 030300070101 | Upper Goshen Swamp | 280,248 | 107,576 |
| 030300070102 | Bear Swamp | 200,157 | 77,839 |
| 030300070103 | Nahunga Creek | 324,617 | 123,814 |
| 030300070104 | Middle Goshen Swamp | 740,620 | 285,427 |
| 030300070105 | Lower Goshen Swamp | 426,365 | 165,210 |
| 030300070201 | Lewis Branch-Northeast Cape Fear River | 58,141 | 22,397 |
| 030300070202 | Buck Marsh Branch | 97,980 | 37,979 |
| 030300070203 | Polly Run Creek-Northeast Cape Fear River | 190,036 | 73,574 |
| 030300070204 | Mathews Creek-Northeast Cape Fear River | 401,030 | 155,956 |
| 030300070205 | Burn Coat Creek-Northeast Cape Fear River | 319,148 | 122,832 |
| 030300070206 | Dark Branch-Northeast Cape Fear River | 199,783 | 76,707 |
| 030300070301 | Grove Creek | 219,776 | 85,197 |
| 030300070302 | Upper Limestone Creek | 85,882 | 33,319 |
| 030300070303 | Lower Limestone Creek | 153,315 | 59,622 |
| 030300070304 | Headwaters Maxwell Creek | 165,459 | 64,345 |
| 030300070305 | Maxwell Creek-Stocking Head Creek | 613,539 | 238,129 |
| 030300070306 | Muddy Creek | 339,905 | 132,185 |
| 030300070307 | Persimmon Branch-Northeast Cape Fear River | 228,600 | 88,900 |
| 030300070401 | Ninemile Creek | 57,479 | 22,161 |
| 030300070402 | Back Swamp | 128,400 | 49,933 |
| 030300070403 | Cypress Creek | 196,426 | 76,238 |
| 030300070404 | Island Creek | 80,033 | 31,124 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| 030300070405 | Oakie Branch-Northeast Cape Fear River | 51,962 | 20,208 |
| 030300070501 | Duff Creek | 89,847 | 34,940 |
| 030300070502 | Upper Doctors Creek | 139,165 | 54,120 |
| 030300070503 | Lower Doctors Creek | 236,741 | 91,425 |
| 030300070504 | Upper Rockfish Creek | 710,333 | 275,133 |
| 030300070505 | Sills Creek | 144,977 | 55,590 |
| 030300070506 | Lower Rockfish Creek | 57,970 | 22,133 |
| 030300070601 | Angola Swamp | 99,113 | 38,544 |
| 030300070602 | Headwaters Sandy Run Swamp | 64,520 | 24,718 |
| 030300070604 | Upper Holly Shelter Creek | 28,593 | 11,120 |
| 030300070605 | Angola Creek | 199,218 | 77,474 |
| 030300070606 | Upper Shaken Creek | 5,765 | 2,162 |
| 030300070609 | Lower Holly Shelter Creek | 5,757 | 2,239 |
| 030300070611 | Lewis Creek-Northeast Cape Fear River | 33,588 | 12,929 |
| 030300070701 | Bee Branch-Cypress Creek | 52,322 | 20,241 |
| 030300070702 | Upper Long Creek | 51,713 | 20,111 |
| 030300070703 | Rileys Creek | 42,126 | 16,382 |
| 030300070704 | Middle Long Creek | 16,162 | 6,285 |
| 030300070801 | Burgaw Creek | 58,782 | 22,486 |
| 030300070802 | Pike Creek-Northeast Cape Fear River | 8,169 | 3,177 |
| 030300070804 | Harrisons Creek | 28,593 | 11,120 |
| Yadkin-Pee Dee Basin | | | |
| 030401010503 | Snow Creek | 18,449 | 6,918 |
| 030401010702 | Upper Fisher River | 5,281 | 2,054 |
| 030401011002 | Hogan Creek-Yadkin River | 25,530 | 9,928 |
| 030401011102 | North Deep Creek | 57,667 | 22,426 |
| 030401030302 | Crane Creek-High Rock Lake | 21,934 | 8,530 |
| 030401030404 | Caraway Creek | 6,341 | 2,466 |
| 030401030502 | Hannahs Creek-Uwharrie River | 2,626 | 1,021 |
| 030401040105 | Lower Brown Creek | 7,261 | 2,824 |
| 030401040302 | West Fork Little River | 4,885 | 1,900 |
| 030401040402 | Big Town Creek-Little River | 5,982 | 2,326 |
| 030401040502 | Dry Creek-Pee Dee River | 2,442 | 950 |
| 030401040504 | Little Mountain Creek | 37,372 | 14,405 |
| 030401040505 | Mountain Creek | 38,178 | 14,847 |
| 030401050304 | Lower Dutch Buffalo Creek | 15,374 | 5,765 |
| 030401050405 | Lower Big Bear Creek | 9,193 | 3,575 |
| 030401050507 | Lower Richardson Creek | 291 | 94 |
| 030401050601 | Upper Lanes Creek | 73,965 | 28,764 |
| 030401050707 | Hardy Creek-Rocky River | 41,149 | 15,618 |
| 030401050708 | Camp Branch-Rocky River | 2,442 | 950 |
| 030402010101 | Rocky Fork Creek | 1,085 | 422 |
| 030402010102 | Upper Hitchcock Creek | 62,458 | 24,044 |
| 030402010201 | North Fork Jones Creek | 4,885 | 1,900 |
| 030402010202 | South Fork Jones Creek | 29,341 | 11,175 |
| 030402010401 | Deadfall Creek | 21,986 | 8,285 |
| 030402010402 | Headwaters Thompson Creek | 16,912 | 6,342 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 030402010506 | Crooked Creek-Lake Wallace | 14,417 | 5,606 |
| Lumber (Waccamaw-Pee Dee) Basin | | | |
| 030402030103 | Naked Creek | 4,885 | 1,900 |
| 030402030104 | Big Branch-Upper Drowning Creek | 29,367 | 11,421 |
| 030402030206 | Lower Drowning Creek | 47,821 | 18,333 |
| 030402030302 | Gum Swamp | 161,734 | 62,221 |
| 030402030303 | Town of Maxton-Lumber River | 29,367 | 11,421 |
| 030402030501 | Upper Raft Swamp | 16,686 | 6,489 |
| 030402030502 | Little Raft Swamp | 60,233 | 22,655 |
| 030402030503 | Richland Swamp | 34,942 | 13,169 |
| 030402030504 | Middle Raft Swamp | 34,714 | 13,081 |
| 030402030602 | Lower Little Marsh Swamp | 32,031 | 12,456 |
| 030402030603 | Upper Big Marsh Swamp | 30,196 | 11,487 |
| 030402030605 | Gallberry Swamp | 64,657 | 24,246 |
| 030402030701 | Upper Tenmile Swamp | 53,395 | 20,765 |
| 030402030702 | Lower Tenmile Swamp | 48,389 | 18,818 |
| 030402030703 | Goodman Swamp | 70,184 | 26,812 |
| 030402030705 | Lewis Mill Branch-Big Swamp | 75,149 | 28,592 |
| 030402030801 | Crawley Swamp | 101,400 | 39,353 |
| 030402030802 | Jackson Swamp-Big Swamp | 124,495 | 48,158 |
| 030402030901 | Bryant Swamp | 115,007 | 44,725 |
| 030402030903 | Horsepen Branch | 52,861 | 20,557 |
| 030402030904 | Brier Creek-Big Swamp | 13,928 | 5,416 |
| 030402031004 | Tenmile Branch-Mill Swamp | 9,811 | 3,816 |
| 030402031101 | Dunn Swamp | 49,858 | 19,389 |
| 030402031103 | Lower Porter Swamp | 96,507 | 37,531 |
| 030402031201 | Horse Swamp | 79,292 | 30,836 |
| 030402031202 | Headwaters Ashpole Swamp | 93,937 | 36,029 |
| 030402031205 | Mill Branch-Ashpole Swamp | 57,699 | 22,311 |
| 030402031206 | Indian Swamp | 29,367 | 11,421 |
| 030402031207 | Coward Swamp-Ashpole Swamp | 63,373 | 24,645 |
| 030402031302 | Cowpen Swamp-Bear Swamp | 9,123 | 3,548 |
| 030402031401 | Headwaters Gapway Swamp | 60,094 | 23,370 |
| 030402040103 | Joes Creek | 19,979 | 7,513 |
| 030402040104 | Middle Gum Swamp Creek | 9,225 | 3,459 |
| 030402040105 | Lower Gum Swamp Creek | 17,620 | 6,852 |
| 030402040201 | Headwaters Leith Creek | 2,420 | 941 |
| 030402040203 | Leith Creek | 112,461 | 43,059 |
| 030402040302 | Juniper Creek | 85,535 | 32,076 |
| 030402040303 | Headwaters Shoe Heel Creek | 90,617 | 34,984 |
| 030402040304 | Wilkinson Creek | 66,120 | 24,945 |
| 030402040305 | Maxton Pond-Shoe Heel Creek | 335,885 | 129,946 |
| 030402040503 | Hayes Swamp | 22,746 | 8,846 |
| 030402060101 | Whites Creek | 35,910 | 13,965 |
| 030402060102 | Brown Marsh Swamp | 137,944 | 52,977 |
| 030402060103 | Elkton Swamp | 292,975 | 111,910 |
| 030402060104 | Western Prong Red Hill Swamp | 174,374 | 66,744 |

| Hydrologic Unit Code | Subwatershed Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 030402060105 | Slades Swamp-Red Hill Swamp | 62,860 | 24,163 |
| 030402060202 | Lower Soules Swamp | 19,623 | 7,631 |
| 030402060203 | Town of Whiteville-White Marsh | 28,847 | 11,090 |
| 030402060303 | Green Swamp-Big Creek | 98,815 | 38,428 |
| 030402060305 | Bogue Swamp | 18,860 | 7,335 |
| 030402060403 | Upper Juniper Creek | 35,149 | 13,242 |
| 030402060404 | Alligator Swamp | 4,401 | 1,711 |
| 030402060405 | Lower Juniper Creek | 20,903 | 8,129 |
| 030402060501 | Gum Swamp | 7,833 | 3,046 |
| 030402060502 | Headwaters Monie Swamp | 69,547 | 27,046 |
| 030402060503 | Toms Fork | 9,225 | 3,459 |
| 030402060505 | Monie Swamp-Grissett Swamp | 66,533 | 25,500 |
| 030402060506 | Grissett Swamp-Seven Creeks | 16,339 | 6,354 |
| 030402060601 | Horse Pen Swamp-Waccamaw River | 19,222 | 7,475 |
| 030402060602 | Gore Lake-Gore Creek | 30,749 | 11,531 |
| 030402060703 | Buck Creek | 24,508 | 9,531 |
| 030402080102 | Headwaters Lockwoods Folly River | 24,769 | 9,632 |
| 030402080201 | Upper Shallotte River | 4,997 | 1,874 |
| 030501010901 | Upper Little River | 9,807 | 3,814 |

Table A-2: County Results in Pounds Applied Annually

| County Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|-------------|----------------|--|
| Alamance | 4,308 | 1,643 |
| Anson | 124,266 | 47,188 |
| Beaufort | 303,498 | 115,134 |
| Bertie | 145,334 | 55,376 |
| Bladen | 2,400,336 | 922,602 |
| Brunswick | 215,397 | 82,960 |
| Cabarrus | 15,374 | 5,765 |

| County Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P ₂ O ₅ |
|-------------|----------------|--|
| Caldwell | 9,807 | 3,814 |
| Chatham | 31,036 | 12,070 |
| Chowan | 39,557 | 15,379 |
| Columbus | 833,501 | 322,158 |
| Craven | 267,990 | 102,685 |
| Cumberland | 260,516 | 99,816 |
| Davidson | 2,626 | 1,021 |
| Duplin | 7,000,941 | 2,710,827 |
| Edgecombe | 501,744 | 192,827 |
| Franklin | 86,676 | 33,707 |
| Gates | 73,059 | 27,889 |
| Granville | 4,192 | 1,630 |
| Greene | 1,309,162 | 506,523 |
| Guilford | 25,501 | 9,917 |
| Halifax | 195,014 | 75,044 |
| Harnett | 237,803 | 91,836 |
| Hertford | 130,932 | 49,470 |
| Hoke | 240,279 | 92,409 |
| Hyde | 65,624 | 21,368 |
| Johnston | 623,002 | 240,431 |
| Jones | 906,019 | 348,209 |
| Lee | 2,442 | 950 |
| Lenoir | 934,730 | 362,309 |
| Martin | 11,989 | 4,662 |
| Montgomery | 15,752 | 6,126 |
| Moore | 116,929 | 45,037 |
| Nash | 222,961 | 85,381 |
| Northampton | 411,248 | 157,873 |
| Onslow | 619,566 | 239,848 |
| Orange | 14,230 | 5,476 |
| Pamlico | 4,005 | 1,557 |
| Pasquotank | 6,380 | 2,428 |
| Pender | 915,581 | 351,661 |
| Perquimans | 40,191 | 15,611 |
| Person | 31,127 | 12,074 |
| Pitt | 738,975 | 284,888 |
| Randolph | 113,072 | 43,844 |
| Richmond | 189,352 | 73,006 |
| Robeson | 1,131,368 | 434,977 |
| Rockingham | 24,033 | 9,096 |
| Rowan | 21,934 | 8,530 |
| Sampson | 6,232,513 | 2,405,245 |
| Scotland | 371,010 | 142,290 |
| Stanly | 9,193 | 3,575 |
| Stokes | 11,120 | 4,324 |
| Surry | 49,260 | 18,900 |
| Tyrrell | 77,977 | 29,478 |

| County Name | Total Nitrogen | Phosphorous as P₂O₅ |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Union | 73,965 | 28,764 |
| Wake | 9,921 | 3,858 |
| Warren | 144,403 | 56,077 |
| Washington | 258,771 | 100,514 |
| Wayne | 1,848,998 | 713,885 |
| Wilson | 97,664 | 37,767 |
| Yadkin | 57,667 | 22,426 |